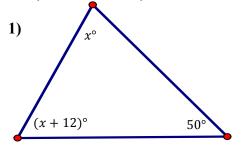
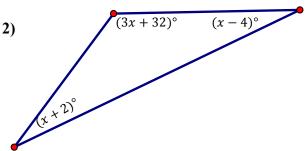
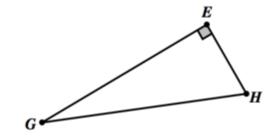
## Geometry 1d: Right Angles & Right Triangles Homework #4 \*REMEMBER to do in Power Homework Format!!!

In 1-4, use the given information to determine the unknown measure(s) of each missing angle. Show how you determined your answers.

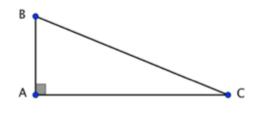




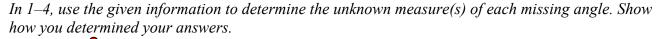
**4)**  $m \angle G = x, m \angle H = 2x + 15$ 

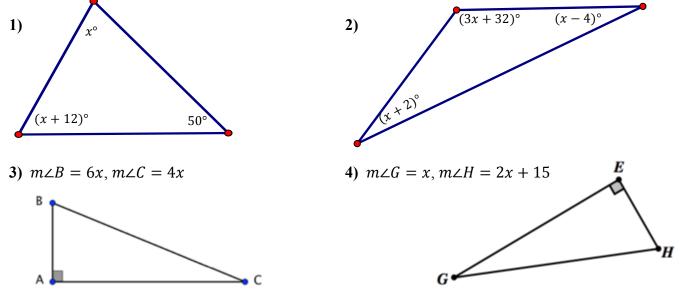


3)  $m \angle B = 6x, m \angle C = 4x$ 









5) *Standardized Test Prep* The measures of the angles of a triangle are shown below. In which case is x **not** an integer?

**A.** x, 2x, 3x **B.** x, 3x, 5x **C.** x, 3x, 4x **D.** x, 4x, 7x **E.** 2x, 3x, 4x

- 6) Explain why a triangle cannot have two obtuse angles.
- 7) In  $\Delta HCK$ ,  $\overline{CK} \perp \overline{CH}$ . **a.** Which side of the triangle is the hypotenuse of  $\Delta HCK$ ?
  - **b.** Which sides of the triangle are the legs of  $\Delta HCK$ ?
  - **c.** Which angle has a measure of 90°?
  - **d.** Which angle is complementary to  $\angle H$ ?

- 5) *Standardized Test Prep* The measures of the angles of a triangle are shown below. In which case is x **not** an integer?
  - **A.** x, 2x, 3x **B.** x, 3x, 5x **C.** x, 3x, 4x **D.** x, 4x, 7x **E.** 2x, 3x, 4x
- 6) Explain why a triangle cannot have two obtuse angles.
- 7) In  $\triangle HCK$ ,  $\overline{CK} \perp \overline{CH}$ .
  - **a.** Which side of the triangle is the hypotenuse of  $\Delta HCK$ ?
  - **b.** Which sides of the triangle are the legs of  $\Delta HCK$ ?
  - c. Which angle has a measure of 90°?
  - **d.** Which angle is complementary to  $\angle H$ ?