

Radicals 4b – Simplifying with Rational Exponents

Standards: N-RN.1 & N-RN.2

#11HW:

Rads 4b

#1-17

Learning Target:

How do you simplify a radical expression with variables in it?

In the previous lesson we reviewed our rules of exponents. We can also apply these rules to rational exponents.

If $m = \frac{1}{n}$ then we can rewrite the property in radical notation:

Power of a Product: $(ab)^m = a^m b^m$

$$\sqrt[n]{a \cdot b} = \sqrt[n]{a} \cdot \sqrt[n]{b}$$

Power of a Quotient: $\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^m = \frac{a^m}{b^m}$

$$\sqrt[n]{\frac{a}{b}} = \frac{\sqrt[n]{a}}{\sqrt[n]{b}}$$

Ex#1: Simplify using exponent rules. Write your answer using a radical, if needed:

a) $6^{1/2} \cdot 6^{1/3}$

$$\begin{aligned} & 6^{\frac{3}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3}} = 6^{\frac{5}{6}} \\ & 6^{\frac{5}{6}} \\ & 6^{\frac{5}{6}} \\ & 6^{\frac{5}{6}} \\ & \boxed{(\sqrt[6]{6})^5} \rightarrow \sqrt[6]{6^5} \end{aligned}$$

b) $(27^{1/3} \cdot 6^{1/4})^2$

$$\begin{aligned} & (27^{1/3})^2 \cdot (6^{1/4})^2 \\ & 27^{2/3} \cdot 6^{1/2} \\ & (\sqrt[3]{27})^2 \cdot (\sqrt{6})^2 \\ & (3)^2 \cdot \sqrt{6} \\ & 9 \cdot \sqrt{6} \\ & \boxed{9\sqrt{6}} \end{aligned}$$

c) $(4^3 \cdot 2^3)^{-1/3}$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{(4^3 \cdot 2^3)^{1/3}} \\ & \frac{1}{(4^3)^{1/3} \cdot (2^3)^{1/3}} \\ & \frac{1}{4 \cdot 2} \\ & \left(\frac{1}{8}\right) \end{aligned}$$

d) $\frac{6^1}{6^{3/4}}$

$$6^{1 - \frac{3}{4}}$$



$$\boxed{\sqrt[4]{6}}$$

e) $\left(\frac{18^{1/4}}{9^{1/4}}\right)^3$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{(18^{1/4})^3}{(9^{1/4})^3} \\ & \frac{18^{3/4}}{9^{3/4}} \\ & \left(\frac{18}{9}\right)^{3/4} \\ & 2^{3/4} \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{(\sqrt[4]{2})^3}$$

$$\sqrt[4]{2^3}$$

$$\sqrt[4]{8}$$

f) $\frac{\sqrt{10}}{\sqrt[6]{10}} \cdot \frac{10^{1/2}}{10^{1/6}}$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{10^{\frac{3}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{6}}}{10^{\frac{3}{6} - \frac{1}{6}}} \\ & 10^{\frac{3-1}{6}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{\sqrt[3]{10}}$$

Ex#2: Simplify using radical properties

a) $\sqrt[3]{25} \cdot \sqrt[3]{5}$

$$\begin{aligned}\sqrt[3]{25 \cdot 5} \\ \sqrt[3]{125} \\ (5)\end{aligned}$$

b) $\frac{\sqrt[3]{32}}{\sqrt[3]{4}}$

$$\begin{aligned}\sqrt[3]{\frac{32}{4}} \\ \sqrt[3]{8} \\ (2)\end{aligned}$$

c) $\frac{\sqrt[4]{162}}{\sqrt[4]{2}}$

$$\begin{aligned}\sqrt[4]{\frac{162}{2}} \\ \sqrt[4]{81} \\ (3)\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}81 \\ 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \\ .\end{aligned}$$

Simplest Form: apply properties of radicals & remove any perfect nth powers.
Leave in Radical Form.

Ex#3: Write in Simplest Form. (No Decimals!)

a) $\sqrt[4]{64}$

$$\sqrt[4]{2^4 \cdot 2^2}$$

$$\cancel{\sqrt[4]{2^4}} \cdot \sqrt[4]{2^2}$$

$$2 \cdot \sqrt[4]{4}$$

$$\boxed{2\sqrt[4]{4}}$$

b) $\sqrt[3]{270}$

$$\sqrt[3]{3^3 \cdot 2 \cdot 5}$$

$$\cancel{\sqrt[3]{3^3}} \cdot \sqrt[3]{10}$$

$$\boxed{3\sqrt[3]{10}}$$

$$270$$

$$27$$

$$10$$

$$9$$

$$3$$

$$25$$

$$2$$

$$5$$

We can also apply the properties of rational exponents & radicals to expressions with variables.

$$\sqrt[n]{x^n} = x \quad \text{if } n \text{ is odd}$$

$$\sqrt[n]{x^n} = |x| \quad \text{if } n \text{ is even}$$

Ex#4: Simplify. Write your answer in radical form.
Assume all variables are positive.

a) $\sqrt[3]{27z^9}$

$$\begin{aligned} & \cancel{\sqrt[3]{3^3}} \cdot \sqrt[3]{z^9} \\ & 3 \cdot \cancel{\sqrt[3]{z^3}} \cdot \cancel{\sqrt[3]{z^3}} \cdot \cancel{\sqrt[3]{z^3}} \\ & \boxed{3z^3} \end{aligned}$$

b) $\sqrt[4]{12d^4e^9f^{14}}$

$$\begin{aligned} & \cancel{\sqrt[4]{12}} \cdot \cancel{\sqrt[4]{d^4}} \cdot \cancel{\sqrt[4]{e^9}} \cdot \cancel{\sqrt[4]{f^{14}}} \\ & \cancel{\sqrt[4]{12}} \cdot d \cdot \cancel{\sqrt[4]{e^4}} \cdot \cancel{\sqrt[4]{e^4}} \cdot \cancel{\sqrt[4]{f^4}} \cdot \cancel{\sqrt[4]{f^4}} \cdot \cancel{\sqrt[4]{f^2}} \\ & \cancel{\sqrt[4]{12}} \cdot d \cdot e^2 \cdot \cancel{\sqrt[4]{e}} \cdot f^3 \cdot \cancel{\sqrt[4]{f^2}} \\ & \boxed{de^2f^3\sqrt[4]{12e}f^2} \end{aligned}$$

c) $\sqrt[4]{320x^8y^{11}z^6}$

$$\begin{aligned} & \cancel{\sqrt[4]{320}} \cdot \cancel{\sqrt[4]{x^8}} \cdot \cancel{\sqrt[4]{y^{11}}} \cdot \cancel{\sqrt[4]{z^6}} \\ & \cancel{\sqrt[4]{2^4}} \cdot \cancel{\sqrt[4]{2 \cdot 2 \cdot 5}} \cdot \cancel{\sqrt[4]{x^4}} \cdot \cancel{\sqrt[4]{x^4}} \cdot \cancel{\sqrt[4]{y^4}} \cdot \cancel{\sqrt[4]{y^4}} \cdot \cancel{\sqrt[4]{y^3}} \cdot \cancel{\sqrt[4]{z^4}} \cdot \cancel{\sqrt[4]{z^2}} \\ & 2 \cdot \cancel{\sqrt[4]{20}} \cdot x^2 \cdot y^2 \cdot \cancel{\sqrt[4]{y^3}} \cdot z \cdot \cancel{\sqrt[4]{z^2}} \\ & \boxed{2x^2y^2z\sqrt[4]{20y^3z^2}} \end{aligned}$$

d) $\sqrt[5]{\frac{x^5}{y^{10}}}$

$$\begin{aligned} & \cancel{\sqrt[5]{x^5}} \\ & \cancel{\sqrt[5]{y^{10}}} \quad \cancel{\sqrt[5]{y} \cdot \cancel{\sqrt[5]{y}}} \\ & \circlearrowleft \frac{x}{y^2} \end{aligned}$$

e) $\sqrt[3]{8r^3s^5t^{10}}$

$$\begin{aligned} & \cancel{\sqrt[3]{8}} \cdot \cancel{\sqrt[3]{r^3}} \cdot \cancel{\sqrt[3]{s^5}} \cdot \cancel{\sqrt[3]{t^{10}}} \\ & 2 \cdot r \cdot \cancel{\sqrt[3]{s^3}} \cdot \cancel{\sqrt[3]{s^2}} \cdot \cancel{\sqrt[3]{t^3}} \cdot \cancel{\sqrt[3]{t^3}} \cdot \cancel{\sqrt[3]{t^3}} \cdot \cancel{\sqrt[3]{t^3}} \\ & \boxed{2rst^3\sqrt[3]{s^2t}} \end{aligned}$$

Ex#5: Simplify. Assume all variables are positive.
Write your answer in exponential form using only positive exponents.

a) $(16g^4 h^2)^{1/2}$

$$\begin{aligned} & \textcircled{1} \quad \sqrt{16g^4 h^2} \\ & \sqrt{16} \cdot \sqrt{g^4} \cdot \sqrt{h^2} \\ & 4 \cdot g^2 \cdot h \\ & \boxed{4g^2 h} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \textcircled{2} \quad (16)^{1/2} \cdot (g^4)^{1/2} \cdot (h^2)^{1/2} \\ & \sqrt{16} \cdot g^2 \cdot h \\ & \boxed{4g^2 h} \end{aligned}$$

b) $\frac{18rs^{2/3}}{6r^{1/4}t^{-3}}$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{18 \cdot r}{6} \cdot \frac{s^{2/3}}{r^{1/4}} \cdot \frac{1}{t^{-3}} \\ & 3 \cdot r^{1-1/4} \cdot s^{2/3} \cdot t^3 \\ & \boxed{3r^{3/4}s^{2/3}t^3} \end{aligned}$$

c) $(625j^8k^4)^{1/4}$

$$\begin{aligned} & \textcircled{1} \quad \sqrt[4]{625j^8k^4} \\ & \sqrt[4]{625} \cdot \sqrt[4]{j^8} \cdot \sqrt[4]{k^4} \\ & \sqrt[4]{5^4} \cdot \sqrt[4]{j^4} \cdot \sqrt[4]{j^4} \cdot \sqrt[4]{k^4} \\ & \boxed{5j^2 k} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \textcircled{2} \quad (625)^{1/4} \cdot (j^8)^{1/4} \cdot (k^4)^{1/4} \\ & \sqrt[4]{625} \cdot j^2 \cdot k \\ & \boxed{5j^2 k} \end{aligned}$$

d) $\frac{15d^2e^{2/3}f}{5df^4}$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{15}{5} \cdot \frac{d^2}{d} \cdot \frac{e^{2/3}}{1} \cdot \frac{f \cdot f^4}{f^4} \\ & 3 \cdot d \cdot e^{2/3} \cdot f^5 \\ & \boxed{3de^{2/3}f^5} \end{aligned}$$

e) $\frac{x^{2/3}}{x^{1/2}x^{3/4}}$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{x^{2/3}}{x^{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{4}}} \rightarrow \frac{x^{2/3}}{x^{\frac{2}{4} + \frac{3}{4}}} \rightarrow \frac{x^{2/3}}{x^{5/4}} \\ & X^{\frac{4}{4} \cdot \frac{2}{3} - \frac{5}{4} \cdot \frac{3}{3}} \\ & X^{\frac{8}{12} - \frac{15}{12}} \\ & X^{\frac{8-15}{12}} \\ & X^{-\frac{7}{12}} \\ & \boxed{\frac{1}{X^{7/12}}} \end{aligned}$$